

Name _____ Quadratics Review

Formula for vertical motion:

1. A projectile is launched from a height of 1 foot with an initial upward velocity of 60 ft/s.

Write the function that models the path of this projectile: _____

Formula:

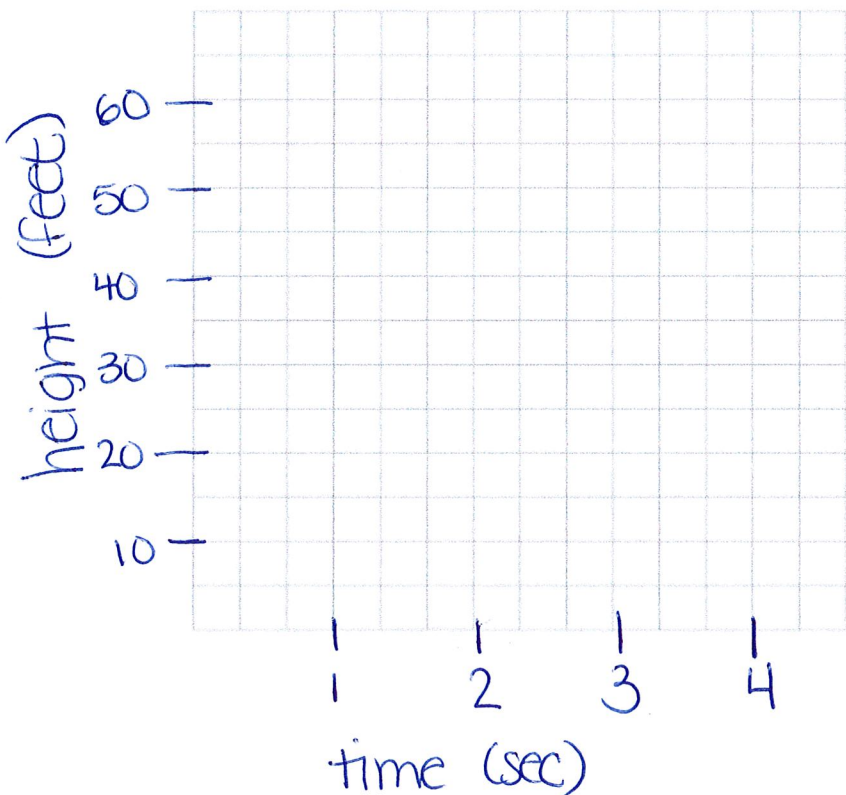
2. **When** will the projectile reach its **maximum height**? _____
3. **What** is its **maximum height**? _____
4. Where is this on the graph? _____

Formula:

5. How long is the projectile in the air? (When will it hit the ground? _____)
6. Where is this on the graph? _____

Formula:

7. Will the projectile reach 55 feet? 65 feet? **Prove your answer with the discriminant!**



t	h
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Solve using the quadratic formula. For #8-10 leave answers in simplest radical form. For #11-12 round to the nearest tenth.

8. $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$

9. $3x^2 + 10x = -6$

10. $3x^2 - 4x + 7 = 0$

11. $3x^2 = 11x + 2$

12. A soccer ball is kicked with an initial upward velocity of 50 ft/s from a starting height of 3.5 feet.
- Write the vertical motion formula:
 - How long is the ball in the air?
-

Find the number and the nature of the roots for each function:

13. $49x^2 + 28x + 4 = 0$

14. $6x^2 = 5x - 10$

15. $x^2 + 8 = 4x$

16. $8x^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$

17. A soccer ball is kicked and follows the path: $h = -16t^2 + 50t + 2$. Will the ball reach 40 feet? 50 feet?

18. An apartment's rental agency uses the formula $I = 5400 + 300n - 50n^2$ to find its monthly income I based on renting n apartments. Will the agency's monthly income ever be \$7000?

Name _____

Quadratics Review

Formula for vertical motion:

$$h = -16t^2 + vt + C$$

1. A projectile is launched from a height of 1 foot with an initial upward velocity of 60 ft/s.

Write the function that models the path of this projectile:

$$h = -16t^2 + 60t + 1$$

Formula:

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

2. **When** will the projectile reach its **maximum height**? 1.875 sec

3. **What** is its **maximum height**? 57.25 Feet

4. Where is this on the graph? vertex

$$x = \frac{-60}{2(-16)} = \frac{-60}{-32}$$

5. How long is the projectile in the air? (When will it hit the ground?) 3.77 sec

6. Where is this on the graph? x-int

$$x = \frac{-60 \pm \sqrt{60^2 - 4(-16)(1)}}{2(-16)} = \frac{-60 \pm \sqrt{3604}}{-32} = \frac{-60 \pm 60.53}{-32} = 3.77$$

Formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

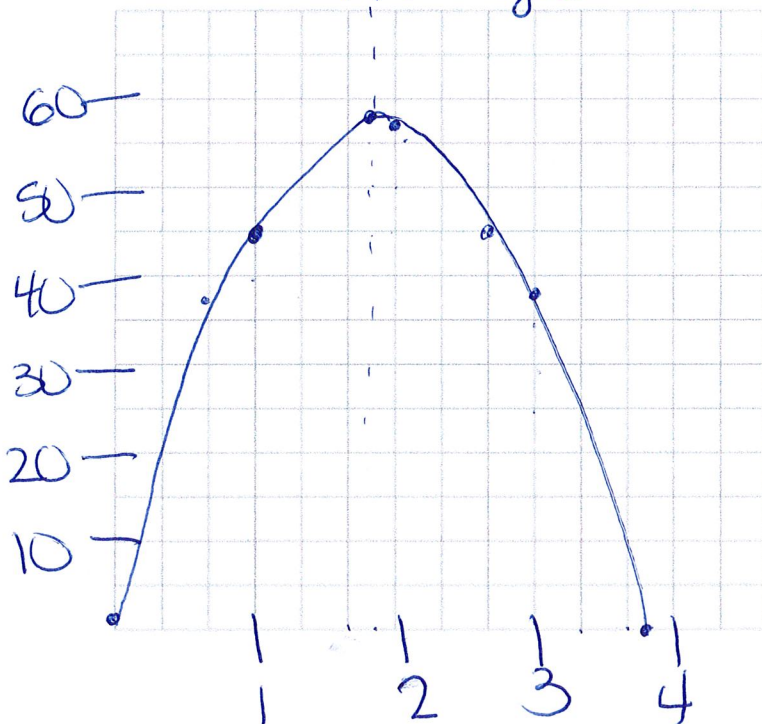
7. Will the projectile reach 55 feet? 65 feet? **Prove your answer with the discriminant!**

Formula:

$$d = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$\begin{aligned} 55 &= -16t^2 + 60t + 1 \\ 0 &= -16t^2 + 60t - 54 \\ (60)^2 - 4(-16)(-54) \\ 144 & \quad \text{yes} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 65 &= -16t^2 + 60t + 1 \\ 0 &= -16t^2 + 60t - 64 \\ (60)^2 - 4(-16)(-64) \\ -496 & \quad \text{no} \end{aligned}$$



t	h
0	1
1	45
2	57
3	37
4	-15

Solve using the quadratic formula. For #8-10 leave answers in simplest radical form. For #11-12 round to the nearest tenth.

8. ~~12~~ $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(4)(9)}}{2(4)}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{0}}{8} \quad x = \frac{12}{8} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$

9. $3x^2 + 10x = -6$

$$3x^2 + 10x + 6 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{10^2 - 4(3)(6)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{28}}{6} \quad \frac{-10 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{6} \quad x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{7}}{3}$$

10. $3x^2 - 4x + 7 = 0$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(3)(7)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-68}}{6} \quad \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4i^2 \sqrt{17}}}{6}$$

$$\frac{4 \pm 2i\sqrt{17}}{6} \quad x = \frac{2 \pm i\sqrt{17}}{3}$$

11. $3x^2 = 11x + 2$

$$3x^2 - 11x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{(-11)^2 - 4(3)(-2)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{145}}{6} \quad x = \frac{11 \pm 12.04}{6} \quad x = 3.8, -0.2$$

12. A soccer ball is kicked with an initial upward velocity of 50 ft/s from a starting height of 3.5 feet.

A. Write the vertical motion formula:

$$h = -16t^2 + 50t + 3.5$$

B. How long is the ball in the air?

$$x = \frac{-50 \pm \sqrt{(50)^2 - 4(-16)(3.5)}}{2(-16)}$$

$$x = \frac{-50 \pm \sqrt{2724}}{-32}$$

$$x = \frac{-50 \pm 52.19}{-32}$$

$$x = -0.68$$

$$x = 3.19$$

$$\boxed{x = 3.2}$$

Find the number and the nature of the roots for each function:

13. $49x^2 + 28x + 4 = 0$

$$(28)^2 - 4(49)(4)$$

$$0$$

1 Real Root

14. $6x^2 = 5x - 10$

$$6x^2 - 5x + 10 = 0$$

$$(-5)^2 - 4(6)(10)$$

$$-215$$

0 real, 2 imaginary

15. $x^2 + 8 = 4x$

$$x^2 - 4x + 8 = 0$$

$$(-4)^2 - 4(1)(8)$$

$$-16$$

0 real, 2 imag.

16. $8x^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$

$$(-2)^2 - 4(8)(-4)$$

$$132$$

2 real

17. A soccer ball is kicked and follows the path: $h = -16t^2 + 50t + 2$. Will the ball reach 40 feet? 50 feet?

$$40 = -16t^2 + 50t + 2$$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 50t - 38$$

$$(50)^2 - 4(-16)(-38)$$

$$68 \rightarrow \text{yes}$$

$$50 = -16t^2 + 50t + 2$$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 50t - 48$$

$$(50)^2 - 4(-16)(-48)$$

$$-572 \rightarrow \text{no}$$

18. An apartment's rental agency uses the formula $I = 5400 + 300n - 50n^2$ to find its monthly income I based on renting n apartments. Will the agency's monthly income ever be \$7000?

$$7000 = 5400 + 300n - 50n^2$$

$$-5400 \quad -300n \quad +50n^2$$

$$50n^2 - 300n + 1600 = 0$$

$$(-300)^2 - 4(50)(1600)$$

$$-230000$$

$$\text{no}$$

